1	Michael Foster @MetroCommuteSecurit	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego
2	USPTO Owner MCSI Intelligent Security,	06/11/2024 at 07:54:00 AM
3	1 Eldridge Street, Unit#C2 New York, New York 10002	Clerk of the Superior Court
4	Tel.: (212) 219-2133	By E- Filing, Deputy Clerk
5	Pro Se Complainant/Cross-Complainant-Respon	ndent
6 7		
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9		FSAN DIEGO - CENTRAL DIVISION
10	MICHAEL FOSTER, an individual, and) Case No.: 37-2023-00038663-CU-CO-CTL
11	USPTO Owner MCSI Intelligent Security, FD	-)
12	2014/06/10 US Class Codes 021, 023, 026, 036,03 SN: 86304785,) MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND) AUTHORITIES IN REPLY TO
13	Complainant,	DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINTIFIRST] BY DEFENDANT
14	•	Mr. PHILIP T. GILDRED Aka Tom Gildred
15	V.) [REPLY TO MOTION TO STRIKE
16	PHILIP T. GILDRED, aka's: Tom Gildred, Thompson Philip Gildred, Philip T. Gildred) AMENDED COMPLAINT MS7IFILED) CONCURRENTLY)
17	Professional Businesses, The Gildred Family)
18	of San Diego,	Date: August 02, 2024
	Defendants.	Time: 8:30 a.m. Judge: Hon. Blaine K. Bowman
19	_ 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.) Dept.: C-74
20	AND RELATED CROSS-ACTION.	
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1 **Statutes** Code of Civil Procedure§ 430.1O(e) 2 1 Code of Civil Procedure 430.10(±) 1, 2 3 Code of Civil Procedure§ 430.50(a) 1 Code of Civil Procedure § 338(d) 3 4 Code of Civil Procedure § 430.1 0(g) 4 5 Other 6 5 Witkin, Summary of California Law (9th ed. 1988) 7 Torts, § 678, pp. 779-780 12 8 **INTRODUCTION - SUBJECTIVE** 9 To assume is not the same as euphemisms "Big," "Black," or "Dick," Words of Defendant Tom 10 Gildred misrepresentation by impersonation as a "Mrs. Gildred" Specific Fact as in fraud counts. 11 Here to "Assume" is simply to equate oneself as a fool before the Court. 12 It also elevates plaintiffs Pro Se Status above "Homelessness or Displace" as This Court appears to 13 reference in filings by the Clerk. Counsel's in Defendant Tom Gildred answers to the Amended Complaint [FIRST] asserts in the body of its Demurrer "Unintelligible," "Incoherent" to invite the 14 Courts assumption or to rule or to sustain the Demurrer on its face filings used to delay and dissuade Unethical Conduct is rampant NOW in the face of Judge Blaine K. Bowman who's Forty-year judicial 15 experience invites a coherent admissions: Michael Foster a ProSe Plaintiff in oral arguments 16 06/07/24. 17 [By my own experience in person with (Res.Public place SD) Tom who's asceticisms concurred "That ... Couple" is the only political couple in San Diego who pretends "he" cannot be bought" on 18 quote.1 19 Even upon plaintiffs conclusory understandings, Defendants Here invites Plaintiff that Privileged to 20 assert reasonings before The Honorable Blaine K. Bowman, [Fear] and to compel an argument with Counsels Delmore Greene, but most of all Plaintiff is advocating for ethical conduct in the Complaint 21 Amended against Defendants immoral unethical conduct. An Establish San Diego Business Man. 22 Counsel admits, "I ASSUME" a document is NOT (A document not even close to Response herein). 23 Counsel same breath continues before Hon. Judicial Officer Bowman to further suggest it was ethical by fact and Law (Live Court) That the Court Order Plaintiff to upload Counsel's version of The 24 Amended Complaint. 25 The fact here is simple: Plaintiff Pro Se survive Defendants two false Criminal Police Reports, the product of a fatal mental disease erotamania, degradations by euphemisms even falsities to plaintiffs 26 age and publications of an aged-older draft subscription of plaintiff to earn an unexpected "Non-Criminal Status" in Pro Se non-defendant minority status before especially Judicial Officer Blaine. 27 This fact is enough to accept the Courts Conclusion "By Defendants answer to its own #2 demurrer 28 prematurely. It is Proper the Court tentative order line5 " Plaintiff filed a substantive opposition to both Gildred's demurrer and motion to strike," "SUBSTANTIVE". The Defendants Demurrer is denied consistent wilt fact, the Law and Unethical Conduct.

I. INTRODUCTION

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- As for defendant's answer to Plaintiffs rebuttal to its dissuasive deplorable demurrer the Court's tentative rule already finds Plaintiffs Response by all appearance to be legally SUBSTANTIVE.
- The Demurrer's instead uselessly "assumes" facts and law as to its own versions or titles.
- Similar to Defendants filings it is clear defendant is not even reading plaintiffs responses or
- responses yet to be filed. Rather defendants is focused on words by error as for "(1 lvs(2)".
- Moreover Defendant's demurrer assumes a defendant "Cohen" with Gildred of which defendants is the #2 demurrer relative too. (see Page 19 First paragraph.).
- The amended complaint [FIRST] outlines the law and facts consistent with defendants past, current
- and ongoing unethical harmful conduct sufficiently Count by Count and legal and factual specific throughout the body of the the entire complaint. The Courts apparent sighting in tentative rule is also a fact.
- 8 The Amended complaint count 1 to 8 does not assume titles of facts legally actionable, trial-able as it established,
- event by event spot-on even to place defendant Gildred physically and virtually culpable under each Count.
- It is understandable Defendants admitted "assumption" being that Plaintiff is the legal neophyte to
- Legal representation not nearly as experience as the Defendant Gildred or his selective Counsels.
- 11 The facts, by law and overwhelming preponderances defeats any cause defendants demurrer assumes uncertain.
- therefore demurrers to the Plaintiff's Amended Complaint as uncertain is for dissuasive reasons only.
- Amended Complaint spot-on places the defendant by sworn affirmation by written fact and other facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action pursuant to
- 14 Code of Civil Procedure section 430.10, subdivisions (e) and (f).
- Plaintiffs amended complain [FIRST] is not consistent (admitted) with high profile legal quantifications, largely though the facts and preponderance only gravitate each current and ongoing act of unethical
- 16 conduct by Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred for misrepresentations The defendant even impersonated himself
- as a "Mrs. Gildred as properly outlined in each associated actionable counts and throughout the complaint.
 - It is clear Defendants cannot respectfully submit to the Court that the Court should sustain the
- 18 Demurrer to Plaintiffs Amended Complaint [FIRST] base on assumption.
- Included Here: the Court would find that it is "Apparent" the Amended Complaint submitted by Plaintiff is SUBSTANTIVE enough to deny defendants demurrer/MTS in its entirety.

20 II. LEGAL AUTHORITY FOR DEMURRER IS NOT IN DISPUTE

- 21 "Defendants Demurrer however is for delays only." (Hamilton v. Greenwich Investors
- 22 XXVI, LLC (2011) 195 Cal.App.4th 1602, 1608.) A party against whom a complaint has been filed
- 23 may object, by demurrer, to the pleading as "uncertain," which includes "ambiguous and
- unintelligible." (Code Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (f).) Such a party may also object, by demurrer, to
- 25 the pleading where it "does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action." (Code Civ.
- 26 Proc., § 430.10, subd. (e); see also Code Civ. Proc., § 430.50, subd. (a) ["[a] demurrer to a complaint
- 27 or cross-complaint may be taken to the whole complaint or cross-complaint or to any of the causes
- of action stated therein"].) In addition, a complaint may fail to state facts sufficient to constitute a

- 1 cause of action based on "defects appearing on its face or from matters subject to judicial notice."
- 2 (Alamo Recycling, LLC v. Anheuser Busch InBev Worldwide, Inc. (2015) 239 Cal.App.4th 983, 994.)
- 3 Although the "facts alleged in the complaint are taken as true for purposes of a demmTer," a court
- 4 does not "assume the truth of contentions, deductions or conclusions of law" in determining its
- 5 legal sufficiency. (Centex Homes v. St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Co. (2015) 237 Cal.App.4th
- 6 23, 26, quoting Aubry v. Tri-City Hospital District (1992) 2 Ca1.4th 962, 967.) A court properly
- 7 exercises its discretion in sustaining a demurrer without leave to amend when no "reasonable
- 8 possibility" exists that the plaintiff can amend the complaint to cure its defects. (Jimenez v. Mrs.
- 9 *Gooch's Natural Food Markets, Inc.* (2023) 95 Cal.App.5th 645, 653, 658-659.)

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

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A. The Amended Complaint is certain. Because Plaintiff Refers to Various Causes of Action and Asserts an Entitlement to Certain Relief With sufficient Supporting Allegations.

Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred is dissuasive to the fact of specificity on each Count of the Complaint, each cause of action of the Amended Complaint abundantly substantiates statements of facts in support of (Code Civ. Proc., § 410.30, subd. (f).) Specific for certain the Facts assert in the body of the Amended Complaint reliefs for Breaches "The BEA Contract" Offhandedness, Fraudulent Inducement "The Contract Executed," Negligence, Misrepresentations

"The Contract Not-Executed," unfair, deceptive, "Money Judgment in Judiciary Breach," and

"Outright FRAUDS: Use of Legal Filings in "Gildred v Foster" naming plaintiff as an "Impersonator of

Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred by specific frauds: "BIG, BLACK, and Dick," "Mental Disease Erotomania,"

Executing Fraudulent Criminal Police Reports in Two States.

23 In the body of The Amended Complaint various actionable causes states facts with specificity of Defendant

Mr. Tom Gildred impersonations in "Gildred v Foster," as: "A Mrs Carolina Gildred," "An Individual" and

25 as "The Plaintiff."

The Amended Complaint throughout states actionable causes of action and provided facts to
allegations to argue an entitlement to each relief. In other words, unlike Gildred v Foster Complaint,
the

Amended Complaint does "set forth the essential facts of plaintiffs case with reasonable

- 1 precision and with particularity sufficiently specific to equate Mr. Tom Gildred of each nature, source, and
- 2 extent of the cause[s] of action." (See *Gressley v. Williams* (1961) 193 Cal.App.2d 636, 643-644.)
- 3 Because of each precise actionable cause, Mr. Tom Gildred rather will not, is incapable, indefensible, inapplicable or equipped to apply a persuasive response and therefore chooses to delay and dissuade from
- 4 an answer in simple which is only to admit to his harmful actions as of certain in the Amended Complaint.
- 5 On this basis, an Order to deny Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred demurring papers on grounds of dissuasive, inapplicability to providing any defense, flagrant misinterpretations of the facts
- 6 ascertained by each actionable cause and the statements of fact throughout the body of the amended complaint.
- 7 B. The Amended Complaint Establish That Fraud is Applicable by the Statute Of Limitations. Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred actions exist as of Date by: "The Contract," the "BEA Contract," (unexpired) and Breach of Judicial Order on the Contract," Harms to date:
- On Plaintiff by his "False police reports," "Impersonations as an individual in "Gildred v Foster" of himself as "A Mrs. Gildred," and of Plaintiffs body parts specific to size and color
- are all specific to the Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred ongoing Frauds as ascribed by the Amended Complaint with certainty.
- 11 *Group* (1996) 48 Cal.App.4th 471, 480-482; see also Code Civ. Proc., § 338, subd. (d).)
- The demurrer has no based to demur on the statute of limitations and is moot by the complain pleading
- facts which states specific time-lines and the graphic mannerisms of defendants Mr. Tom Gildred To which the discovery of frauds are inevitable and are consistently ongoing.
- 14 (See Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association (2023) 92 Cal.App.5th
- 15 889, 901; see also *Cansino v. Bank ofAmerica* (2014) 224 Cal.App.4th 1462, 1473 ["[t]he basis of
- the discovery must be pleaded with specificity"].) Here, Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred Frauds continues
- By inducement by his continued enactment of "The Contract," (noted in Cross-Complaints), and his
- intentional misrepresentation continues indefinitely by "Gildred v Foster" as of date.
- Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred is have Not denied fraudulent impersonations: "As Mrs. Gildred", or as a
- Victim associated to Two "False Criminal Police Reports" in Two States, or as "An individual" to Assert
- Plaintiffs private body part "BIG, BLACK and DICK," or "Mental Disease Erotomania," all ongoing and
- Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred have not denied additional facts which are not limitations statue based.
- C. Count 1 of the Amended Complaint State Certain Facts Sufficient to
- 24 Constitute a Cause of Action for Breach of Contract as a Matter of Law by the mere fact "The Contract has No Expiration Date" and is perpetually enshrined by Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred
- 25 Signature and Defendants actions to date on movement effectively on the Contract.
- Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred breaches of The Contract unexpired grandfathers the BEA contract and all
- actionable causes that brings harm to plaintiff from the day he first made his Cash deposit to the BEA. (See *Gautier v. General Telephone Co.* (1965) 234 Cal.App.2d 302, 305; see
- 28 also Hamilton v. Greenwich Investors XKVJ, LLC, supra, 195 Cal.App.4th at p. 1614 ("[t]he

- 1 essential elements of a breach of contract claim are: '(1) the contract, (2) plaintiffs performance or
- 2 excuse for nonperformance, (3) defendant's breach, and (4) the resulting damages to plaintiff "].)
- 3 The complaint also "must indicate on its face whether the contract is written, oral, or implied by
- 4 conduct." (See Otworth v. Southern Pacific Transportation Co. (1985) 166 Cal. App. 3d at pp. 458-
- 5 459; see also Code Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (g) [a defendant may object to a complaint by
- 6 demurrer when, "[i]n an action founded upon a contract, it cannot be ascertained from the pleading
- 7 whether the contract is written, is oral, or is implied by conduct"].) When "the action is based on an
- 8 alleged breach of a written contract, the terms must be set out verbatim in the body of the complaint
- 9 or a copy of the written instrument must be attached and incorporated by reference." (Otworth v.
- 10 Southern Pacific Transportation Co., supra, 166 Cal.App.3d at p. 459.) If the contract is oral, there
- 11 must be "an allegation of such verbal agreement by setting forth the substance of its relative terms."
- 12 (Gautier v. General Telephone Co., supra, 234 Cal.App.2d at p. 305.) Count 1 The Amended
- 13 Complaint have established these conditions with clarity and may not be to defendants satisfactions but are cause of action
- for breach of contract in accordance with applicable pleading per code requirements.
- Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred unexpired breaches of contract are clear to inform a relief beginning
- with the first required element because it out performs the existence of a binding contract between
- 17 That is yet to expire. (See *Munoz v. Patel* (2022) 81 Cal.App.5th 761, 772-774.) As for the BEA
- Contract it also is unexpired as for the continuance of Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred inactions which
- refers to Count 1 as a relating to an "oral/verbal and implied by conduct," its grandfathered and it
- remains clear the relief sought from the B EA breach of an oral contract, and the written contract,
- 20 both.

- 21 Defendant demurring papers did not deny his fraudulent Police Department (SDPD) and The City Of New
- 22 York Police Department (NYPD).
- 23 Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred did not deny the abundance of Breaches, highhandedness exhibit by
- 24 The unexpired contract to which list Plaintiff Trademarked URL for delineations.
- 25 Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred also did not deny his impersonation as Mrs. Gildred.
- Defendant instead exacerbates his lack of moral ethics by failing to: (1) acknowledge the substance of the BEA oral contract, the Contract not-executed and the unexpired ongoing Contract each of which ads merit to plaintiffs cause of action for a breach of contract.

- 1 reference for example Defendant could not deny The Contract enforcement actions in part to defraud the USPTO TEAS registration of a Trademark.
- 2 These and other statements of fact verbatim in the body of the Amended Complaint are clear in the
- Amended Complaint to show fraudulent misrepresentation in defendant breach of contract. 3
- Defendants Demurring paper succinctly admits to the Contract to which adduce Delineations of 4 Plaintiff's Business URLS fraudulently. The result of these ambiguities and omissions is that basic question as for each contract in breach.
- 5
- Plaintiffs breach of contract claims properly aligned culpability with intent to harm plaintiff by the 6 defendants in:
- Contract unexpired "The BEA Contract," "The Contract" written Not-Executed and The Contract induced UnExpired. Defendant's demurring papers did not deny specificity of dates and time of
- 8 Payment as a or Deposits received from Defendant Paid to Plaintiff and or why this was necessary? (See Amid v. Hawthorne Community Medical Group, Inc. (1989) 212 Cal. App.3d 1383, 1388.)
- By the Defendants lack of admission to these clear facts makes the cause of action for breach of 10 contract indeed trial-able.
- 11 Further compelling this conclusion is defendants lack of acknowledgment to the remaining
- 12 Facts for cause of action for breach of contract. First, Defendant did not acknowledges the facts to
- 13 establish that he met with Plaintiff and paid too Plaintiff \$5,000 cash deposit to the BEA Contract or his obligations under the verbal BEA agreement is not continually in breached.
- 14 In the body of the Amended Complaint Plaintiff clearly states under the "The Contract" Terms
- induced vs the un-executed Contract terms and the Original BEA Contract. but defendant neglects to 15 Even admit his input to each of these contracts.
- The Amended Complaint, Second, Plaintiff demonstrated those ongoing facts to demonstrate the 16 history of defendant's culpability and his penchant for actively inducing unethical civil violations.
- 17 Serial breaches over the several contracts. (See Gautier v. General Telephone Co., supra, 234
- 18 Cal.App.2d at p. 305 ["the facts constituting the defendant's breach [is] stated with
- 19 certainty"].) The defendants history and conduct exacerbates the contract and its terms, it is impossible to
- 20 Assumed defendant Mr. Tom Gildred acted consistent with ethical normalcy to, reasonable
- expectations, obligations under, during verbal admissions, Gildred v Foster and the current ongoing 21 inactions of the Contract unexpired.

- 23 Defendants instead prolongs with arguments of more confusion to in his demurrer to sub-count
- 24 "irrelevant to the core factual element of law which supports the Amended Complaint in its entirety."
- Likewise the Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred elusiveness to the facts is yet consistent with the defendants 25 unethical standards.
- 26 Plaintiff cause of action for breach of contract. (is lawfully abundant and is trial-able)
- 27 -Defendants divisively states - Count "la" fails to state a breach of contract claim but fail to include plaintiff statements in the body of the text of the complaint Is "breach of contract" which exists under California law and, rather establish 28

- the elements of breach of contract, Defendant instead inserts inapplicable conclusions to name as 1 allegations
- 2 Overall submitting his own unethical version in hopes simply by omission of the facts allows for informing his statement as the only correct interpretation. This is unethical. 3
 - -- Again, Defendant fails to admit Count "lb" state a claim for "actual breach of contract" because, He is rather attempting to set forth his own version of elements of breach of contract, which is unethical.
- 5 Defendants Demurring continues in unethical vitriol again to dissuade plaintiff actionable cause of action on the basis of legal choice of wordings but does not assert the raw facts by the claim. 6
- -- Count "le" states a claim for "implied" breach of contract" disavowing the Claim simply because the term implied is intentional misinterpretation of the combined wording which 7 also is unethical. (*Id.* at pp. 21-23.) According to Plaintiffs Amended Complaint, the cause of action is that Defendant
- 8
- 9 Gildred unethical actions are to dissuade his responsibility by filing of a demurrer to Plaintiffs "
- 10 breach of contract and is "expected" to occur but plaintiff amended complaint is sufficient to answer.
- 11 February 16, 2024. (*Ibid.*) It is self-evident, Defendant's filing a demurrer per code is misconstrued.
- 12 As for Code of Civil result to a breach of contract rather than defendants admit "implied"
- 13 breach. Which is is recognized under California
- 14 (See Yari v. Producers Guild of America, Inc. (2008) 161 Cal. App. 4th 172, 182 ["[a]
- 15 cause of action for breach

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- 16 of implied contract has the same elements as does a cause of action for breach of contract, except
- 17 that the promise is not expressed in words but is implied from the promisor's conduct"].)
- 18 In sum, the elements of evasiveness in the demurrer to breach of contract should be dismissed
- 19 The very wording in response is unethical as it overrides the facts ascribe to the claim. (See *Rakestraw v*. California Physicians'
- 20 Service (2000) 81 Cal. App. 4th 39, 43 [" [i]f the complaint fails vs defendants version or convenient
- interpretations., On the essential element of particularly defined by the cause of action. Here the court should 21 affirm the plaintiffs statements as the courts interpret with an ethical conclusion. Here, Defendant unethically again has infused its own version of the actionable elements. The Court
- 22
- 23 should implement an ethical interpretation and confirm defendant Mr. To m Gildred's demurrer to Count 1 is dissuasive and is nothing but an induced version of the law Complaint.
- 24 (See Otworth v. Southern Pacific Transportation Co., supra, 166 Cal.App.3d at pp. 458-459.)
 - Counts 2, and 3 of the Amended Complaint State Essential Facts Sufficient to Constitute Causes of Action for Fraud in the Inducement as a Matter of Law.
 - Like as is expected, Defendants exalts itself cnhas minor technical improbability to assert
 - fraud in the inducement in Counts 2, and 3 of the Amended Complaint cause for sustaining a demurrer because count 2 is mispelled as "11". (See

- Instead of demurring defendants exacerbates vitriol of Plaintiff Pro Se Count "11" to be eleven 1
- 2 But the Amended Complaint for "Fraud in the inducement is clear enough as the court will interpret.
- The tort of fraud here: insulates the required pleadings sufficiently and prove elements of fraud, 3
- 4 including "(a) a misrepresentation (false representation, concealment, or nondisclosure); (b) scienter
- 5 or knowledge of its falsity; (c) intent to induce reliance; (d) justifiable reliance; and (e) resulting
- damage." (Hinesley v. Oakshade Town Center (2005) 135 Cal.App.4th 289, 294.) "Plaintiff on
- pleaded with particularity," which "necessitates pleading facts which 'show how, when, where, to
- whom, and by what means the representations were tendered." (Lauckhart v. El Macera
- Homeowners Association, supra, 92 Cal.App.5th at p. 903, internal quotation marks and italics
- 10 omitted, quoting Small v. Fritz Companies, Inc. (2003) 30 Ca1.4th 167, 184; see also Cansino v.
- 11 Bank of America, supra, 224 Cal. App. 4th at p. 1469 ["[f] raud allegations 'involve a serious attack on
- 12 character and therefore are pleaded with specificity," internal quotation marks omitted.].) "This
- 13 means: (1) general pleading of the legal conclusion of fraud is insufficient; and (2) every element of
- 14 the cause of action for fraud must be alleged in full, factually and specifically, and the policy of
- liberal construction of pleading will not usually be invoked to sustain a pleading that is defective in 15
- any material respect." (Wilhelm v. Pray, Price, Williams & Russell (1986) 186 Cal. App. 3d 1324, 16
- 1331.) "The mere lack of legal eloquence is not enough to negate absence as the court would determine 17 most of all not only one of these required element existed in the body of plaintiffs amended
- For certain the court will interpret these elements of fraud overwhelming attributes to this claim that is the 18 situation here.
- 19 In Counts 2, (not eleven), and 3 of his Amended Complaint, the court will interpret elements of fraud
- 20 with the required particularity.
- 21 Defendants demurring papers continues to negate eloquence in legal structure [wording] to support a its version of the cause of action for fraud in the inducement. For example, within the
- 22
- 23 scope of fraud in the inducement defendants attempts to mix of words to meaninglessness of frauds to that Mr. Gildred "negligently misrepresented the facts" and "may have honestly believed that the representation was true."
- 24
- 25 Amended Complaint, if it were Given that Defendants unethical interpretation is true elements
- 26 of a claim for fraud in the inducement of the Amended Complaint would concern the court in its rule
- 27 Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred by each rebuttal in his demurrer is another highlight of unethical conduct.
- 28 Plaintiff amended complaints for fraud in the inducement is trial-able.

1	In addition, also courts will assert fraud in the inducement with particularity here is readily
2	apparent per code and as for each cause of action, case history and defendants acumen ethically
3	questionable in the context. The Amended Complaint sufficiently equates to law in this cause of action:
4	Plaintiff does not have to specify an enlarged version just to sati sfy
5	the defendants demurrer which is unethical flat on its face. (See Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association, supra, 92 Cal.App.5th at p. 904.)
6	It is unethical to assert an only statement defendant accepts a uniquely true.
7	If demurring or complaints were to survive only the defendant unethical conclusion per code would not apply.
8	Defendant overall digressiveness is to avoid providing evenly ethical responses reasonable to the count included through the amended complaint
10	The amended complaint facts support Mr. Tom Gildred impersonations are several.
11	His signature is document proof to Plaintiff in which he adduce multiple falsifications. (See State Farm
12	Fire & Casualty Co. v. Keenan (1985) 171 Cal.App.3d 1, 29.)
13	The amended Complaint facts support multiple unethical standards per civil code violations a variety of specific facts that show Mr. Gildred intended to induce.
14	(See Reeder v. Specialized Loan Servicing LLC (2020) 52
15	Cal.App.5th 795, 804 [in addition, defendant Mr. Tom Gildred unfolds a version he calls "facts-lacking" circumstances" is another way of casting "nevertheless" on his unethical nature attributed
16	to demure instead of an honest admission or in simple reply answer to the amended complaint.
17	The defendants demurrer softens down to "A promise when it was made constitutes the "very sort as general and conclusory which does not hold defendant Mr. Tom Gildred accountable".
	Tindell v. Murphy (2018) 22 Cal.App.5th 1239. 1245 [trial court will not sustained a demurrer to a fraud cause simply on technical lawyer vs pro
18	se wordings in the demurrer of the defendant represented by adequate counsels. The
19	Courts action upon finding throughout the body of the complaint, case history will deny a demurrer On finding, in relevant parts, that the Amended Complaint [FIRST] sufficiently contain
20	Trial-able facts to support defendant Mr. Tom Gildred breaches with intent to deceive"].)
21	The Amended Complaint [FIRST] sufficiently outperforms in pleadings offer
22	"relevance." Fraud:
23	showings 'actual' reliance, the representation was an 'immediate cause' that altered ethical legal relations," and "'justifiable' reliance, defendants history of circumstances make it reasonable for
24	ascertain, to accept defendant's statements without an independent inquiry or investigation.'
25	(Wilhelm v. Pray, Price, Williams & Russell, supra, 186 Cal.App.3d at pp. 1331-1332, italics
26	omitted.) The Amended Complaint [FIRST] outperforms trial able facts to show any defendant
27	applicable to Plaintiff circumstances reasonable will actually and justifiably rely on any statements by the Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred. (See <i>Rill v. Roll International Corp.</i> (2011)
28	195 Cal.App.4th 1295, 1307 ["as for common law fraud here; attributes sufficient facts required with particularity, by circumstance, defendants history, acumen of the pleadings, case history and for all the traditional elements, 8

1	including not just misrepresentations here sufficiently the plaintiffs justifiable reliance"].)
2	Quantum, The amended complaint [FIRST] is persuasive in detail context, specific
3	and throughout the body holds sufficiently the outperforming of specific facts regarding
3	the damages, relief claims to harms by the defendant Mr. Tom Gildred to inflict Sufferings as a result of Plaintiff reliance. (See Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association, supra,
4	92 Cal.App.5th at p. 904.)
5	In sum Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred breaches derives from his unethical conduct, similarly in defendants
	demurring papers are significant or conclusion of statements adduce to misinform, dissuade, turn away
6	from, cover up and passively supplement the specific facts allege in each count and lodge in the body of the complaint amended [FIRST]. Plaintiff pro se has outperformed the facts needed to plead each
7	and every element of fraud in the in the inducement with the prerequisite circumstances, case history
0	With particularity, Counts 2, and 3 of the Amended Complaint actionable by law and trial-able.
8	(See Wilhelm v. Pray, Price, Williams & Russell, supra, 186 Cal.App.3d at p. 1331.) Consequently, the Court more than likely
9	will Deny every instance of defendant Mr. Tom Gildred demurrer and as such a denial to
10	include in part for filing of the demurrer per code for unethical purposes.
IU	E. Counts 4 and 5 of the Amended Complaint Outperforms Facts Sufficient to
11	Constitute Causes of Action for Intentional Misrepresentation as a Matter of Law.
12	Defendants lifted "two virtually identical causes of action for intentional Misrepresentation" is unethically falsifying Plaintiffs true accounts as describe of these counts specific
	and throughout the body of the Amended Complaint [FIRST]. Defendants exacerbates unethical standards
13	by surgically lifting element it asserts relevant or non factorial in support of and to replace each out
14	performing fact specific and throughout the body of the complaint on this cause of action.
	Unethical statement" Amended Complaint, referred to by Plaintiff as
15	intentional misrepresentation "1&2," which lack the required factual specificity" is simply false.
16	applying case history, defendants Mr. Tom Gildred breach history and and pro se vs the eloquent wording of defendant with adequate counsel it too is an element of unethical conduct. The Amended Complaint assert
17	Here: "With particularity as many as seven essential factual elements are included: 'The defendant
	to the plaintiff that an important fact was true; that representation was false; Mr. Tom Gildred
18	knew the representation was false and unethical when he made it, he made the
19	representation recklessly without regard for truth; defendant Mr. Tom intended plaintiff accept and
20	rely on the representation; as such earned plaintiff reason to rely on the representation; The amended
20	complaint asserts these unethical conduct as preemptive in adverse to plaintiff and brought substantial harmed; and his unethical conduct cause plaintiffs reliance on his representation, by defendants acumen,
21	history the amended complaint outperformed this count as a substantial factor in causing harm to plaintiff
22	And was, and remain intentionally unethical." (Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association,
	supra, 92 Cal.App.5th at p. 903, quoting Manderville v. PCG&S Group, Inc. (2007) 146 Cal.App.4th 1486,
23	
24	1498.) The same legal principles that govern the pleading of fraud in the inducement apply to the
. ~	pleading of intentional misrepresentation. (<i>Id</i> at pp. 903-904.) Adversely here: unethical pattern is
25	quantum to the amended complaints facts by specificity and throughout the body of the complaint certain to plead essentials and for cause of action trial-able facts to defendant Mr. Tom Gildred unethical conduct
26	of each cause of action for intentional misrepresentation with the case history, defendants Mr. Tom
27	Gildred breach history and and pro se vs the eloquent wording of defendant with adequate counsel it too
	an element of unethical conduct. (See Rakastrany v. California Physicians' Sarvica supra. 81 Cel. App. 4th at p. 43.)
28	(See Rakestraw v. California Physicians' Service supra, 81 Cal. App.4th at p. 43.),

1	Further the amended complaint [FIRST] outperforms the elements of intentional misrepresentation with specificity enough overall throughout and for defendants unethical acts
2	particularity. For example, in both Counts Plaintiff simplifies with specificity that: he unethically
3	inform plaintiff with details of Gildred Building development company use of specific business URLS and "intentionally made" unidentified "fraudulent and false material statements of fact to
4	(He used the expired status of fornication and adultery "knowingly" to make such unidentified "false representations" by impersonation of Mrs. Carolina Gildred, in person, written and "Gildred v Foster"
5	"intended" for Plaintiff to "rely" on this "conduct", by his status and acumen, Plaintiff "reasonably
6	relied" on such unidentified, unethical, abrasive quantum dissuasive, pervasive and corrupt with intent
7	"false statements," which resulted in "expenses incurred," and he inundated damage of significant harms to plaintiff"
8	Here Plaintiff amended complaint [FIRST] outperforms on additional Counts continued with specificity theintentional misrepresentation claimed by Plaintiff relates to specific acts statement by conduct
9	made by defendants throughout regarding unidentified "obligations" the contract signed by force not to include the edits as for the "instruments of the
10	agreement." fraudulently executed (<i>Ibid.</i>) Plaintiffs conclusory allegations in this count outperforms clarity and is sufficient to establish additional unethical conduct spotting defendant
11	As the specific element of and for the cause of action for intentional misrepresentation:
12	The amended Complaint is profound to descriptively assign dates, times to which denotes defendant
13	solely applicable with specificity to each unethical act and defines his unethical conduct by factually placing defendant with plaintiff on specific dates and times, that he unethically represented
14	that he is ethical on important fact as was presented to be true. (See <i>Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association</i> ,
15	supra, 92 Cal.App.5th at pp. 903-904.)
16	Plaintiff does not allege with specific facts even one false statement that Mr. Gildred purportedly made to him or how Mr. Gildred purportedly made such a statement. (<i>Id.</i> at p. 904.)
17	The demurring paper does not deny plaintiff's specific facts that support his
18	unethical conduct by defendant Mr. Tom Gildred actions history, persistent falsity that knew statements he made to were false when made and made such statement by impersonation, in
19	person and by statement to his sworn affirmations to each unethical transaction to plaintiff business urls.
	(See State Farm Fire & Casualty Co. v.
20	Keenan, supra, 171 Cal.App.3d at p. 29.) His demurrer confirms each unethical cause by each
21	false interpretation now synonymous to that of defendant Mr. Tom Gildred. The complaint amended. [FIRST] spots the defendant intuition "he" Defendant Tom Gildred "may have honestly believed" that
22	the unspecified "representation was true."
23	Defendant with Counsel fails to acknowledge EACH specific facts that show Mr. Gildred intended for
24	Plaintiff to rely on such statements. (See <i>Reeder v. Specialized Loan Servicing LLC</i> , supra, 52 Cal.App.5th at p. 804.)
25	Throughout the body and specific to each cause per code the amended complaint
26	[FIRST] applies with specific facts attention to show by defendants annulment to the facts by spot on actions of physical conduct in person, by impersonation and by sworn
27	written affirmation explained throughout the body of the complaint amended that he Mr. Tom Gildred the Defendants actually and justifiably
28	relied on those unethical statements. (See <i>Wilhelm v. Pray, Price, Williams & Russell, supra,</i> 186

Cal.App.3d at pp. 1331-1332.)

- -- Defendant evades to unspecific facts but did not deny facts with certainty spot-on that set forth to Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred unethical harmful conduct exacerbates impersonation as a "Mrs. Gildred," "an individual," a psychiatrist," and
- "a victim" as c r i b e d to P1 a i n t i f f. his falsifying 2 police reports, his propagating, causing
- to propagate a mental disease of erotamania and obsession to perversion in the defendant's producing of repugnant euphemism Big Black Dick and overall his ongoing conduct as a result of his sworn written
- statement of admission in "Gildred v Foster" (See *Lauckhart v. El Macera Homeowners Association,* supra, 92 Cal.App.5th at p. 903.)
 - -- Defendant evades to unspecific facts but does not deny spot-on specific facts regarding the harms
- of undue expenses, lost of goodwill plaintiff suffered due to reliance on defendant Mr. Tom Gildred unethical conduct as for specific his cause of misrepresentation: impersonation as a "Mrs."
- 6 Gildred," in Gildred v Foster, "an individual as for a psychiatrist," and "a victim" ascribed by
- defendant's falsifying criminal conduct of Plaintiff and publicizing the reports to promote his unethical conduct. (See *Wilhelm v. Pray, Price, Williams &*
- Russell, supra, 186 Cal.App.3d at p. 1331.) On this basis, Plaintiff only recourse is the Court's adjudications to reverse defendant Mr. Tom Gildred's harmful unprovoked conduct.
- 9 demurrer to Counts for misrepresentation is succinct, specific and spot-on to place defendant mr. Tom Gildred on each count with specificity to even include defendant's vindictive motive in these counts and throughout each additional counts and the body of the complaint amended [FIRST].
- F. Count 6 of the Amended Complaint State Facts abundantly Sufficient to Constitute a Cause of Action for Negligent Misrepresentation as a Matter of Law.
- Negligent misrepresentation here includes derivatives of defendantGildredspot-cn impersonation deceit" (*Loken v. Century 21-Award Properties* (1995) 36 Cal.App.4th 263, 272.)
- 14 The factual element conduct and motive:
- include "'(1) the misrepresentation of a past or existing material fact, (2) without reasonable ground
- for believing it to be true, (3) with intent to induce another's reliance on the fact misrepresented, (4)
- 17 justifiable reliance on the misrepresentation, and (5) resulting damage." (Tindell v. Murphy, supra,
- 18 22 Cal. App. 5th at p. 1252, quoting Apollo Capital Fund LLC v. Roth Capital Partners, LLC (2007)
- 19 158 Cal.App.4th 226, 243.) Like fraud, "negligent misrepresentation here is well pleaded with
- particularity a in addition to description of defendant unethical history ascribing to Motive and by facts definitive on 'how, when, where, to whom, and by de f en d a n t on g o i n g means the
- 21 representations past to present and ongoing is being tendered." (Charnay v. Cobert (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 170, 185 fn. 14,
- 22 quoting Lazar v. Superior Court (1996) 12 Ca1.4th 631, 645.) Each element of facts holds to plead
- Defendant's history for negligent misrepresentation with particularity corroborates this Count successfully and throughout the body of the [FIRST] Amended
- Successfully and throughout the body of the [FIRS1] Amended

 Complaint with inexplicableness spot on to physically place Tom as for his negligant misropreser
- Complaint, with inexplicableness spot-on to physically place Tom as for his negligent misrepresentation "1&2." (See *Rakestraw v*.
- 25 California Physicians' Service, supra, 81 Cal.App.4th at p. 43.)
- ²⁶ "As the amended complaint [FIRST] factually describes negligence, [per code] responsibility for negligent misrepresentation here properly rests upon the
- existence of ethical legal duty by Defendant's acumen owed to plaintiff but result to injury." (*Lueras v. BAC Home Loans*
- 28 Servicing, LP (2013) 221 Cal.App.4th 49, 95, omission in original.) Overtly, overwhelmingly, Definitively, severally on this Count enshrined throughout each additional Counts this act however,

The amended complaint [FIRST] places the defendant not only as for past accounts, but with Motive specific to the Counts bu conduct as currently Ongoing properly with particularity each factual element by motive on which Mr. Gildred continues to be that product of misrepresentation to which

owes an ethical legal duty. "The very element of his demurring exacerbates ongoing negligent misrepresentation. The amended Complaint: this Count is especially specific by accurately establishing

- The facts spot-on placing defendant negligent to ethical duty to communicate accurate information."
- 4 (Friedman v. Merck & Co. (2003) 107 Cal.App.4th 454, 477.) This Count definitively ascribe to such facts without dispute in simple:
- such facts without dispute in simple:,
 5 Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred by history, current and ongoing holds to an ethical legal duty because of Affluence as an established business and professional entrepreneur" while Plaintiff is a "poor
- person without legal counsel but one to hold intellectual talents defendants needs at the cost of delineation of Plaintiff and plaintiff business URLS defendant sworn to in Gildred v Foster.
- For these purposes negligent misrepresentation claim is abundantly sufficient throughout the body of the complaint amended [FISRT1. This Count-Cause of Action is trial-able flat on its face to state fads sufficient to constitute a cause of action.
- The demurrer is unable to demonstrate that Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred here do not owe to the standard of an ethical legal duty, that Mr. Tom did not actively participate in each

 Of the amended complaint [FIRST] description of facts consistent with the essential elements of a cause of action trial-able for the defendant Mr. Tom Gildred overall negligent misrepresentation in Count 6. (and as ascribed throughout the body of Amended Complaint.)
- -- The amended Complaint [FIRST] efficiently include facts with specificity trial-able Counts overall to specify here the unethical conduct active and ongoing by the Defendant's unprovoked conduct of Impersonations by misrepresentations of "past or existing" material fact.
- 15 By this Count facts of defendants impersonation is clearly outperformed. "active and ongoing falsities of
- Material fact" to him is related to specific obligations to hold to ethical standard prior to execution of the Contract "instruments holding Plaintiff signature and to include edits to contract.
- The amended Complaint [FIRST] outperforms this count with facts trail-able with specificity to confirm each active, past and ongoing misrepresentations with particularity.
- The demurrer is precarious and over abundantly an admission of the facts by excessive denial to each
- count and overall definitive unethical active past and ongoing conduct ascribe by the Complaint throughout the body of the Complaint amended. [p]redictions are inevitable if defendants actions
- of unethical conduct is current and ongoing as to future events, or statements as to future action by some third party, are deemed
- Co. (1991) 2 Cal. App.4th 153, 158, quoting 5 Witkin, Summary of Cal. Law (9th ed. 1988) Torts,§
- 22 678, pp. 779-780.) Specific definition regarding the nature of defendant's misrepresentations by
- multiple personality impersonations are yet ongoing. The amended Complaint is not merely opinions, but active actionable fraud." (See *Tarmann v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance*
- equally essential as negligent misrepresentation here is a "positive assertion." (Wilson v. Century 21 Great Western Realty (1993) 15 Cal.App.4th 298, 306.) "Implied conduct"
- depicting acts or conduct "Ongoing" are not mere "assertions", Defendant's active impersonations and representations are "specific enough" to maintain trial-able cause of action for negligent misrepresentation.
- -- Plaintiff is specific to include facts to support trial-able claims that Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred By sworn statement "Gildred v Foster" is actual fact [L]ive to ascertain reasonable ground
- for believing it to be true. (See *Tarmann v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., supra,* 2 Cal.App.4th at p. 159; see also *Wilhelm v. Pray,*

- 1 Price, Williams & Russell, supra, 186 Cal.App.3d at p. 1333 throughout the complaint is it
- 2 Clear that Defendant falsified his persona unethically, with motive honestly believing the conduct to be true but having no
- 3 reasonable ground for such belief]. The complaint amended is novel to refer to active, current, ongoing impersonation, overall unethical conduct specific to "false statements"
- Formally identifiable and consistent with each of three "agreement contracts" and "addendum to
- the fraudulently executed with inducement agreement contract." 5
- -- Again: the Amended Complaint [FIRST] outperforms facts spot-on for certain to physically place
- 6 defendant Tom Gildred unethical conduct past and existing intent to fraudulently induce not
- just plaintiff reliance as included throughout the body of the amended complaint [FIRST] defendant assert reliance overtly, Spot-on as the amended complaint properly defined Plaintiff actually
- and justifiably relied on those statement by the defendant Mr. Tom Gildred physically and virtual Tom Gildred breaches are of unethical nature surmounting to the damages to each trial-able
- claim he intended to cause harm to plaintiff as a result of such reliance. (See *Tindell v. Murphy, supra,* 22 Cal.App.5th at p. 1252; *Charnay v. Cobert, supra,* 145 9
- 10 Cal.App.4th at 185 fn. 14.)
- -- The Amended Complaint [FIRST] steadfastly outperformed the relevance question to 11
- cause each and everyone specifically and withing the body of the amended
- complaint, with specific facts, to place defendant spot-on acted 12
- with intent, is actively doing so and will continue his unethical conduct here the complaint is
- specifically focused on this trial-able conduct for "negligent misrepresentation ascribed to each 13 fact of intent to deceive." (See *Aloncada v. West Coast Quartz Corp.* (2013) 221 Cal.App.4th 768 781.) The complaint amended [FIRST] outperforms to each and every required element with specificity
- 14 and clear overall preponderances throughout the amended complaint, This cause
- 15 Count 6Efficiently asserts unethical impersonation active, past and ongoing sufficient to constitute a trial-able cause of action for indiscriminate, abundantly unprovoked negligent misrepresentation. 16
- The facts outperforms any option to demur as it is certain to place the
- 17 defendants unethical acts as currently ongoing and within statute of limitations,
- Indefinitely by virtue of the ongoing active unexpired agreement. (See Ventura County National 18 Bank v. macker (1996) 49 Cal.App.4th 1528, 1531-1532.) Accordingly this Count asserts to a trial-able cause.
- The Amended Complaint here is certain with specificity and throughout the body of the complaint 19 to inform properly the fact in defendant's negligent misrepresentation accrued, in effect is active and is of
- 20
- certain actively ongoing by virtual of defendants enforcement of the unexpired contract. (See Amended Complaint, pp. 39-40.) The amended complaint [FIRST] for this trial-able cause affirmegligent misrepresentation therefore is g r an dfath erd -from any statute of limitations as a 21
- matter of law regardless, alertly without dispute this cause is renewed consecutive)y. (See *Ventura County National Bank v. Macker, supra*, 49 Cal.App.4th at 1529 22
- 23 Any substance for sustaining defendants demurrer is windless sailings. The defendants #2 demurrer is simple a fully loaded waste and must be properly denied.)
- 24 It is hard to tell if the defendant's demurrer is indicative of Mr. "Cohen" or Defendants Tom Gildred see
- 25 page 19 first paragraph - The Demurrer in its entirety is inconsistent with the facts undisputed, trial-able which ascribed to defendant's active, past and ongoing unethical conduct specially the amended complaint
- 26 [FIRST] outperforms each reasonable trial-able expectation Cause by Cause and throughout the body of
- the amended complaint the defendant is clear actively by his [O]ngoing conduct depicted with specificity. 27 Count by Count and within the body of the entire complaint the amended complaint [FIRST] defines with
- ispecificity each trial-able cause sufficient to overrule any statute of limitations argument for the very fact 28 that the agreement reliant unexpired and the defendant is actively informing a conduct of unethical impersonation.

G. The Amended Complaint [FIRST] outperforms Facts Sufficient to Constitute within statues active, past and ongoing trial-able cause for Defendant Mr. Tom Gildred - Unjust Enrichment as a Matter of Law, facts and overall preponderances

As a matter of LAW; unjust enrichment exists here. (Melchior v. New Line

2

3

- 4 Productions, Inc. (2003) 106 Cal.App.4th 779, 793; see also McKell v. Washington Mutual, Inc.
- 5 (2006) 142 Cal.App.4th 1457, 1490 [The facts are actionable for unjust enrichment"].) In
- continuing or ongoing enforcement of the contract unexpired. As such unethically unjust enrichment is
- applicable cause of action here and in general the complaint throughout underscores various legal doctrines to asserts reasoning of this trial-able ongoing unethical conduct." (See *Melchior v. New Line Productions, Inc., supra,* 106 Cal.App.4th at p. 793.
- Specifically, "unjust enrichment is a basis for obtaining restitution HERE "THE CONTRACT IS UNEXPIRED.
- CThe ontract continues to impose restrictive measures with cost to plaintiff constructive trust." (McKell v. Washington Mutual, Inc., supra, 142 Cal.App.4th at p. 1490.) because the contract has no expiration date, Plaintiff has every right to
- 11 Cal.App.4th at p. 1490.) because the contract has no expiration date, Plaintiff has every right to examine the cause for restitution for defendant's unjust enrichment past to present until an expiration under either by defendants retraction of the contract or the Court's cancellation.
- Even regardless to specificity the existence of the contract unexpired arise to unjust enrichment. As for
- defendant Mr. Tom, Mr, Philip T. Gildred signed affirmation to the agreement, which renders him culpable, specific by law trial-able an impersonator, a fraud and a sworn individual to unjust enrichment
- theory, in practicability, spot-on, acquirable, physically placed, by his own affirmations active and ongoing
- 15 "Defendant is for certain applicable". (See *Durell v. Sharp Healthcare* (2010) 183 Cal.App.4th 1350, 1370.) Inevitably the complaint does state for certain but even if it did not [T]his claim based
- on quasi-contract or imposition of constructive trust is inadvertent fundamentally enforced as it is coexist and is not a new unethical conduct that the events throughout the body of the complaint
- subscribe to trial-able in each underlying cause and overall conduct active and ongoing by the defendant
- confirms that such a claim cannot be barred anyway because the contract is currently active unexnired
- 19 p. 44; Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. v. Dintino (2008) 167 Cal.App.4th 333, 349-350 [discovery
- 20 unjust enrichment backdated to 2016 is also justifiable and trial-able by virtur of the ["[u]nexpired contract.
- rule]; Creditors Collection Service v. Castaldi (1995) 38 Cal.App.4th 1039, 1043-1044 [quasi-contract]; Getty v. Getty (1986) 187 Cal.App.3d 1159, 1168 [constructive trust].)
- Thus, the Court will dismiss defendants demurrer for lack of reasonable acknowledge facts clearly count by count and overall installed throughout the body of the complaint amended [FIRST]
- The demurred #2 is a waste and is denied in its entirety.
- The cause of unjust enrichment is well structured factually as a matter of law to place defendant Spot-on physically and virtually sufficient to constitute a cause of action as a
- matter of law. (See *Levine v. Blue Shield of California* (2010) 189 Cal.App.4th 1117, 1138; see also *Hill v. Roll International COlp.*, *supra*, 195 Cal.App.4th at p. 1307 ["[u]njust enrichment here is
- 27 an invaluable well proven cause of action claim a
 - Claim with immense specificity per code on the count and throughout the body of the complaint
- amended complaint [FIRST] and for the relief].)
 - Here the amended complaint [FIRST] outperforms a trial-able cause of action, justly as for a restitution claim," and "[t]here being active ongoing actionable wrong, there is undisputed basis for unjust enrichment

1 H. The Defendants #2 Demurrer is properly denied The plaintiff has issued by all preponderances, by law and by facts certain to show that every 2 "reasonable possibility" exists that 3 amending the complaint to cure any defect remains an alternative over each cause of action. (See Rakestraw v. California 4 Physicians' Service, supra, 81 Cal.App.4th at p. 44; New Plumbing Contractors, Inc. v. Nationwide 5 Mutual Insurance Co. (1992) 7 Cal.App.4th 1088, 1098.) "[p]laintiffhave outperformed the facts 6 Certain to show the amended complaint by alternative can plead additional facts and how that amended complaint by legal standard if needed 7 (Goodman v. Kennedy (1976) 18 Cal.3d 335, 349.) A demurrer which convinces the court of waste of time is deserving of sanctions. 8 9 The amended complaint count by count and throughout the body is certain the Califorhority showing the viability of each causes of action." (R 10 ia Physicians Service, supra, 81 Cal.App.4th at p. 44.) "[Lleave to amend should be 11 granted." (Vaillette v. Fireman's Fund 12 Insurance Co. (1993) 18 Cal.App.4th 680, 685, italics omitted.) The amended complaint here 13 Demonstrates defendants inability to properly demur in all probability defendant should be order to answer forthwith the complaint in is entirety.

Because no reasonable possibility exists for defendants denials and overall digressiveness to the facts of 14 certain count by count and throughout the body of the amended complaint. 15 16 Defendants Mr. Tom Gildred's demurrer is deserving of sanctions for unwarranted waste of the courts time. (See *Schermer v. Tatum* (2016)245 Cal.App.4th 912, 930-931.) 17 18 IV. CONCLUSION 19 For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court deny defendants 20 #2 demurrer to the Amended Complaint [I' 1 R ST]. Amended Complaint overall count by count and throughout the body of the amended complaint with leave to 21 amend. 22 Respectfully submitted, 23 Dated: June 10, 2024 24 25 %R00MED AND7 1DAEFORI Affirmed Bv: 26 ME ON THIS Ca'

ichael Foster Pro se Complainant

Philip T. Gildred

Against Philip T. Gildred

d Cross-complainant

Defendant and

27

28

No. 01,1606 Qualified in New York Count Commission Expires August 14. 2421

1	H. The Defendants #2 Demurrer is properly defiled		
2	The plaintiff has issued by all preponderances, by law and by facts certain to show that every "reasonable possibility" exists that		
3	amending the complaint to cure any defect remains an alternative over each cause of action. (See Rakestraw v. California		
4	Physicians' Service, supra, 81 Cal.App.4th at p. 44; New Plumbing Contractors, Inc. v. Nationwide		
5	Mutual Insurance Co. (1992) 7 Cal.App.4th 1088, 1098.) "[p]laintiffhave outperformed the facts		
6	Certain to show the amended complaint by alternative can plead additional facts and how		
7 8	that amended complaint by legal standard if needed (<i>Goodman v. Kennedy</i> (1976) 18 Ca1.3d 335, 349.) A demurrer which convinces the court of waste of time is deserving of sanctions.		
9	The amended complaint count by count and throughout the body is certain the		
10	1 egal authority showing the viability of each causes of action." (<i>Rakestraw v. California Physicians Service, supra,</i> 81 Cal.App.4th at p. 44.) "[L]eave to amend should be		
11	granted." (Vaillette v. Fireman's Fund		
12	Insurance Co. (1993) 18 Cal.App.4th 680, 685, italics omitted.) The amended complaint here		
13	Demonstrates defendants inability to properly demur in all probability defendant should be order to		
14	answer forthwith the complaint in is entirety. Because no reasonable possibility exists for defendants denials and overall digressiveness to the facts of		
15	certain count by count and throughout the body of the amended complaint.		
16	Defendants Mr. Tom Gildred's demurrer is deserving of sanctions for unwarranted waste of the courts		
17	time. (See Schermer v. Tatum (2016)245 Cal.App.4th 912, 930-931.)		
18	IV. CONCLUSION		
19	For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court deny defendants		
20	#2 demurrer to the Amended Complaint [FIRS T].		
21	Amended Complaint overall count by count and throughout the body of the amended complaint with leave to amend		
22	Respectfully submitted,		
23	Dated: June 10, 2024		
24			
25	Affirmed By:		
26	Michael Foster		
27	Pro se Complainant Against Philip T. Gildred Philip T. Gildred Defendant and		
28	d Cross-complainant		